OFFICE OF THE TAHSILDAR AND ELECTION AUTHORITY, MANVI.

Notification dated 26th August 1964.

No. VPC/331/64-65. In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of Rule 6 of the Mysore Village Panchayats and Taluk Boards Election Rules, 1959, I, N. K. Naik, Tahsildar and Election Authority, Panchayat Kurdi of Manvi Taluk, hereby appoint that the Bye-Election to fill the casual vacancy caused due to resignation of Sri Bheemanna, member in Constituency No I of Panchayat Kurdi, Taluk Manvi.

Events will be held as per the calendar given below.—

1	Date by which public notice of Election be issued by the Election Officer under Rule (7).	4th September 1964 (Friday)
2	Last date for making nomination under Rule 7 (d).	11th September 1964 (Friday)
3	Date of scrutiny of Nomination under Rule 7 (e).	16th September 1964 (Wednesday)
4	Last date for withdrawal of candidature under Rule 7 (f).	19th September 1964 (Saturday)
5	Date of Poll.	8th October 1964 (Thursday

P563 N. K. NAIK, *Tahsildar and E.A.*

Notification dated 26th August 1964.

No. VPC/332/64-65. In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of Rule 6 of the Mysore Village Panchayats and Taluk Boards Election Rules, 1959, I, N. K. Naik, Tahsildar and Election Authority, Panchayat Gorekal of Manvi Taluk, hereby appoint that the Bye-Election to fill the casual vacancy caused due to resignation of Sri Raghavendra Rao, member in Constituency No. III of Panchayat Gorekal, Taluk Manvi.

Events will be held as per the calendar given below:—

1	Date by which public notice of Election be issued by the Election Officer under Rule (7).	4th September 1964 (Friday)
2	Last date for making nomination under Rule 7 (d).	11th September 1964 (Friday)
3	Date of scrutiny of nomination under Rule 7 (e).	16th September 1964 (Wednesday)
4	Last date for withdrawal of candidature, under Rule 7 (f).	19th September 1964 (Saturday)
5	Date of Poll.	8th October 1964 (Thursday)

P564 N. K. NAIK, *Tahsildar and E.A.*

Notification dated 26th August 1964.

No. VPC/333/64-65. In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of Rule 6 of the Mysore Villags Panchayats and Taluk Boards Election Rules, 1959, I, N. K. Naik, Tahsildar and Election Authority, Panchayat Athnur of Manvi Taluk, hereby appoint that the Bye-Election to fill the casual vacancy caused due to Death of Sri Hussaicappa, son of Hanmantha member in Constituency No III of Panchayat Athnur, Taluk Manvi.

Events will be held as per the Calendar given below:—

1	Date by which public notice of Election be issued by the Election Officer under Rule (7).	4th September 1964 (Friday)
2	Last date for making nomination under Rule 7 (d).	11th September 1964 (Friday)
3	Date of scrutiny of nomination under Rule 7 (e).	16th September 1964 (Wednesday)
4	Last date for withdrawal of candidature, under Rule 7 (f).	19th September 1964 (Saturday)
5	Date of Poll.	8th October 1964 (Thursday)

P565 N. K. NAIK, *Tahsildar and E.A.*

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER AND ELECTION OFFICER, UDIPI MUNICIPALITY, UDIPI.

Notification dated 1st September 1964.

Under Rules 28 and 34 of the Rules for the conduct of elections of Municipal Councillors, the person whose name is given below, has been declared elected as Councillor of the Udipi Municipal Council and he shall come into office with immediate effect.

No. & name of the Ward	Name of person declared elected	Whether declared elected to the Reserved seat for Scheduled Castes or Women
1	2	3
XII Kanarpady	Sri Gangayya Shettigara	—

P562 I. JOSHUA, *Commr. and E.O.*

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, T. NARASIPUR.

Notification dated 17th April 1961.

No. H I. 2. Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Municipality of T. Narasipur, that the Municipal Council desires to impose the water charges defined in the rules appended. Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the perposed tax within one month from the date of this notice, send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council.

Rules

1 These rules shall be called " The Model Rules for the supply of water in the Town Municipality of T. Narasipur.

2 The owner or consumer shall deposit with the authorised officer the cost of the attachment from the public main at the following rates :—

½"	attachment or less	Rs. 3
¾"	do ...	Rs. 4

3 Every application for non-domestic water connection shall be accompanied by a deposit of not less than Rs. 10 the actual amount being determined by the department in each case, in addition to the usual cost of attachment, road boxes, etc, to serve as an advance. This deposit shall be refunded to the depositor on demand after settling his accounts. Such deposit should be taken in the case of existing non-domestic connections also.

4 (Amended as follows). Water charges for Domestic purpose shall be as follows rates :—

Dimension of the pipe.	No. of Taps.	Rate per month
	Rs.	Rs. P.
½″	2	2 00
¾″	2	3 00

For every additional Tap water charges at the rate of Re. 1 per month shall be made.

5 Testing of Meters—Any person disputing the accuracy of the meter may apply to the authorised officer who shall on payment of a fee of rupee one per test, direct the testing of the meter. If on actual test the quantity registered by the meter is in excess of the correct quantity by more than 5 per cent, the testing fee shall be refunded, and proportionate rebate shall be allowed for the month in question and the modified bill paid for as per rules. No rebate shall be allowed if the excess in five per cent and below, and the testing fee shall not be also refunded.

6 Excess water charges—Any consumer who uses water in any month in excess of the free allowance shall pay for such excess at the rate of rupee one for every 1,000 gallons so consumed. Fractions of 1,000 gallons shall not be charged for if it be 500 gallons or less, but the excess over 500 gallons if any shall be charged for as if it were 1,000 gallons.

7 (Amended as follows), Water charges for non-domestic purpose shall be as follows.—

Dimension of the pipe.	No. of Taps.	Rate per month
		Rs. P.
½″	2	8 00
¾″	2	10 00

For every additional Tap an additional water charges at Rs. 2 per month shall be made.

8 Payment of water charges—The excess water charges, meter rent and other charges due under these rules shall be paid within 15 days from the date of the bill at the Office of the authorised officer, on bills which shall be sent to the party within five days from the date of meter reading.

If the bills are not received within five days from the date of meter reading, the party may obtain duplicate bills. rom the supply office to enable him to make payment within the due date.

Non-receipt of bills shall not be accepted as an excuse for delay in payment. Payment should invariably be made in cash, money orders or Postal orders but cheques for amount not less than rupee one drawn on local banks such as State Bank of India, the Mysore Bank, Co-operative Banks and societies shall be accepted on payment of the dues.

Disconnections and re-connection of services—On failure of payment with in the due date, the department reserves the right to cut off water supply to the premises and connection will be restored only on receipt of the amount along with a penalty of rupee one in such cases.

This penalty will not be charged if disconnection is made at the request of the consumer, subject to the condition that all the dues up to the date of disconnection are paid up on or before the due date.

Disconnection may not generally be made when the arrears due from any installation is less than rupee one provided such arrears are paid up before the next quarterly bill is preferred.

As mistakes are likely to occur in crediting the receipt to the proper ledger account and giving room for disconnection of service in such cases, notwithstanding such payments being made by the concerned parties, the consumers are advised to produce receipts for payments or alternatively, postal money orders receipts or counterfoils of cheques when asked for by the officials of the department who have been directed to effect disconnection of service, in case of default in payment.

No disconnection shall be made without first asking for the voucher in support of the payment made.

Cheques drawn on local banks such as State Bank of India, Mysore Bank, Co-operative Banks and Societies shall be accepted but no cheques shall be accepted for sums less than rupee one which shall be paid only in cash.

9 Payments claimed by the departments even in some cases of disputes shall be made within the specified time subject to the grant of a refund later on after final decision by the department.

10 Payment by consumer or owner.—All money due for water consumed, meter rent or other charges under these rules shall be payable by the consumer or on his default by the owner.

11 Intimation of change ownership or tenancy.—All changes of owne ship or tenancy of a premiss should be intimated forth with to the authorised officer in writing failing which the new consumer or owner shall be liable to be proceeded against recovery of all arrears connected with the supply of water, provided however, that for any such sum recovered from the new tenant, he shall be entitled to credit in account with the owner of the premises.

12 Claims for water charges, etc., shall not become time-barred merely by any delay on the part of the department, provided that the bills for the claims can be shown to have been sent by the authorised officer at least once immediately after the charges become due. Arrears of charges due, if found irrecoverable by the Department will be recovered in the same manner as any other municipal dues under the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951.

13 The President shall, when requested by the consumer in writing, furnish a memorandum showing the consumption and probable charges on account of water consumed, meter rent and other items, for any period subsequent to the preparation of the last bill in the office.

14 In cases of neglect or unwarranted delay to report wastage, under the above rule, the President or authorised officer may cut off the water connection without notice and follow it up with an official notice to the consumer or the owner.

15 The connection shall not be restored until the defects of leakage, etc., are satisfactorly restored. A bill of cost for such immediate repair executed by the Departmental agency will be sent to the party who has to pay the same.

(*a*) In cases where wastage of water is due to leaky pipes the party may be charged at a concessional rate of eight annas per 1,000 gallons for such loss. the quantity being calcuated as the difference between the actual consumption and the average consumption of the previous six months or the free allowance the premises are entitled to, whichever is greater.

16 Power to cut off the connection.—The President or the authrised officer, shall have power to cut off the connection between the supply and communication pipes in any one of the following cases, provided that a reasonable written notice showing the specified cause or causes given in advance, such notice being posted on the houses or premises in case the consumer is not accessible:—

(*a*) In default of payment of excess water charges, meter rents or any other charges due under these rules which have been duly demanded previously through bills issued from the offies of the authorised officer,—

(*b*) If any consumer violates any of the conditions on which connection has been granted to the permises in question resulting in the misuse of such water:

(*c*) In case of leakage through pipes or other fittings or any defective or insanitary condition of the same:

(*d*) In case of allowing wastage of water even after the issue of a warning in advance;

(e) In the case of broken pipes or fittings causing or likely to cause heavy loss of water or damage to property.

(f) In the case of refusal to allow the President or the authorised officer to enter into any land or building for the purpose of inspecting or repairing or attending to any works connected with the water supply given to the premises:

(g) In case of any person wilfully or unauthorisedly permitting any other person to take a connection from his supply:

(h) In the case of contamination of water from storage cistern:

(i) In case the occupier of the premises does not give proper protection to meter readers from any injury being caused by animals such as dogs, etc.

17 In the case of Government buildings used for residential purposes, the excess water charges shall be recovered as under the rules applicable to the general rate-payers, from the occupier direct as a liability against him. In the case of his default, the Head of the Department concerned, under whose charge the building is left, shall recover the arrears.

18 Mosques, Churches, Temples and other Religious institutions—In the case of Mosques, Churches, Temples and other Religious Institutions recognised as such by the Municipal Council, and used by the public, water shall be supplied free of cost.

Note.—(1 Only three taps will be allowed for each institution. If more than three taps are required, the institution must pay for the excess water consumed, at the rates charged under the rules.

(2) The trustees of the institutions concerned should see that the repairs needed to the pipe line and taps are attended to promptly and that water is not misused or wasted.

(3) The staff of the Water Supply Department shall inspect these institutions frequently and the defects, if any pointed out by them should be attended to speedily by the trustees of the institutions concerned,

(4) Failure to attend to the defects pointed out will entail cutting off of the water supply connection without further notice.

(5) The President shall obtain the approval of Government to a consolidated list of religious institutions as are now existing and which shall be governed by these rules and new ones added to the list with the approval of Government, as and when they come in to existence.

(6) The above concession shall not, however apply to the residential and other buildings attached to the institutions concerned, which will be governed by the general rules applicable to private buildings.

(b) Charitable Institutions.

(1) Chatrams.—The free allowance admissible in each case will be fixed by the Government on the recommendations of the Municipal Council and the excess consumption charged for at a concessional rate of 50 n P. per thousand gallons. A consolidated list of existing chatrams in the town will be submitted to Government by the President.

(2) Hospitals.—The free allowance for each hospital shall be fixed on the merits of each case on the recommendation of the Municipal Council, and the excess consumption charged for at a concessional rate of fifty naye Paise per thousand gallons.

Note.—Government, however, reserve the right to enhance or reduce the free allowance in the case of these institutions according to the circumstances of each case.

(c) Burial and Cremation Grounds.

The water supplied to burial and cremation grounds will be entirely free of cost.

19 The free allowance of water in the case of Jails shall be as follows:—

1 Convicts.—Six and a quarter gallons per head per day.

2 Resident members on the Jail Establishment who have no separate water connection in their residental quarters.—Twelve and a half gallons per head per day.

20 Jails.—The Water Supply Department shall ascertain the strength of convicts and resident members of the Jail establishment from time to time, usually once a quarter and fix the free allowance accordingly.

21 Hostels.—The free allowance of water in the case of hostels shall be 12½ gallons per boarder per day and the excess consumption charged for at the concessional rate of annas eight per thousand gallons (in the case of free hostels) and at Re. 1 per 1,000 gallons in the case of hostels having paying boarders. The Departments shall get the statistics every quarter before the 10th of the month following that quarter.

22 Supply to Government Institutions.—In the case of Government public buildings and institutions in which Government offices are held and which are not run on commercial or business or trade lines, the entire water consumed shall be charged for at 0 50 nP. per thousand gallons without any free allowance, as the buildings are used solely for public purposes.

23 But when the Government institutions are in default or when the claims are disputed by them, the water supply shall not be cut off immediately but two months' time shall be given to refer the matter to the Departmental head and obtain orders for recovery.

Should they continue to default even thereafter, the matter may be referred to the Secretary to Government, Public Works Department and arrangements made for the recovery through the Accountant General.

24 Water supply out of Municipal Limits.—In cases in which water supply is made to houses premises, industrial concerns, etc., outside the Municipal limits of the Town, these rules shall apply *mutatis mutandis*, except where such supply is controlled by a separate agreement with the Municipal Council.

No houses, premises, industrial concerns, etc., outside the Municipal limits shall be eligible for any free allowance. All water supplied shall be charged for at a rate of Re. 1 per 1,000 gallons, except where otherwise provided for under a separate agreement with the Municipal Council.

All arrears of water charges, meter rent and other charges due to the Department or Council shall be recoverable from the consumer as arrears of land revenue.

A. R. SRINIVASAIYENGAR, *President*.

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